

**Table 1**  
**Ecological Processes and Structures Affected by Major Alterations**

Major Alterations	Impairments	Ecological Processes and Structure																		
		Hydrology					Sediment	Water Quality			Habitat									
		Physical and Biological Functions	Storage	Subsurface Infiltration and flow	Surface flows	Hyporheic Exchange	Groundwater Recharge	Soil Erosion	Deposition/Storage	Nutrient Sources	Temperature/Dissolved Oxygen	Toxins/Pathogen sources	Riparian Vegetation Recruitment	Native grasslands and shrub steppe	Terrestrial Species - Foraging	Terrestrial Species - Breeding/Nesting	Terrestrial Species - Migration	Aquatic Species - Spawning	Aquatic Species - Rearing	Aquatic Species - Migration
Columbia Basin Project Storage	Restricts water movement		X		X						X	X						X	X	X
	Restricts sediment movement						X	X	X											
	New lakes and wetlands					X							X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	More rapid pool elevation fluctuations				X		X					X						X	X	X
Columbia Basin Project Diversion/Conveyance	New or relocated channels and wetlands					X							X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	New recharge areas					X														
	Water velocity increases						X	X			X									
Impervious Surfaces	Runoff rather than infiltration	X	X	X			X			X	X							X	X	
	Stormwater management/infrastructure	X	X			X			X		X									
	Habitat loss											X	X	X	X	X				
Vegetation Alterations	Loss of nutrient and organic inputs, reduced evapotranspiration and bioinfiltration, increased toxin and nutrient loading								X	X	X	X	X							
	Invasive species (terrestrial and aquatic)											X	X					X	X	
	Aquatic species														X	X		X	X	
	Increased soil erosion						X					X		X						
Water Quality Impacts	Fertilizer/pesticide/herbicide Inputs										X									
	Effluent inputs										X									
	Temperature increases									X										
	Bioaccumulation of toxins													X	X					
Structural Effects on Habitat	Habitat fragmentation by roads											X	X	X	X	X				
	Over-water structures alter sediment,organic material pathways, and the photic zone			X													X	X	X	
	Aquatic fill, reduced water storage																X			
Shoreline Hardening/Stabilization	Habitat loss, replacement of variable-sized material with large homogenous substrate											X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	Increased wave energy at toe of slope and energy transfer downstream/down current of hardening						X	X												
	Sediment and subsurface water cycle disruption				X			X												
	Organic material cycle disruption								X											
Channel Realignment	Water velocity increases			X				X										X	X	X
	Reduced floodplain connection and functions				X															
	Decreased temporary storage of sediment, nutrient-, toxin-, or pathogen-laden water in streams							X	X		X									
Other Alterations	Artificial lighting increases light delivery at unnatural times													X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	Increased noise													X	X	X				
	Recreation infrastructure increases wave energy at shoreline (boat ramps, wakes)						X	X									X	X	X	
	Non-native species predation													X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	Competition for resources from non-native species											X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X